

## FISHNET VISION: IMPROVING BIODIVERSITY THROUGH AI NTT DATA Portugal

12th NTT Sustainability Conference



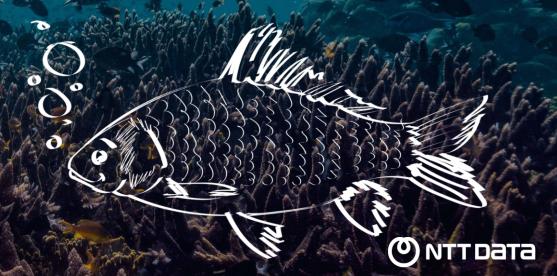
## On a leading utilities company in Iberia, sustainability matters...

## Fishways are crucial because they

- Promote genetic diversity by connecting fish populations
- Allow fish to reach their natural spawning grounds

### Counting fish in fishways is useful and required by law

- Legal and regulatory compliance
- Fish population monitoring for conservation efforts
- Scientific research on biodiversity & food web dynamics



## But there are challenges...

## It's challenging to count fish for both humans and AI models

- Unhelpful algae on windows and background
- Uneven illuminator positioning and coverage
- Water varies from clear to very murky



## And more challenges...

#### Dam 1



#### Dam 2



## The dams are quite different

- Different typical color of the water
- Different camera settings
- Different illumination
- Different fish shadows
- Different fish behavior
  - Bottom swimming vs hunting
- Different species distributions
- Different rare fish



## Looks don't matter...

## Intra class dissimilarity (same species can look different)

- Fish profile varies with the swimming direction
- Fish characteristics vary with age
- Fish can be obscured by other fish, algae and shadows

...but classes do! Inter class similarity (different species can look similar)

- Different life stages, abnormal sizes
- Fins occluded by murky water or shadows
- Swimming direction, orientation and profile



## The solution starts with the right team

+10 Consultants

From multidisciplinary backgrounds and experience in different areas of expertise.

#### THE PROFILES



Computer Vision Specialists



Deep Learning Specialists

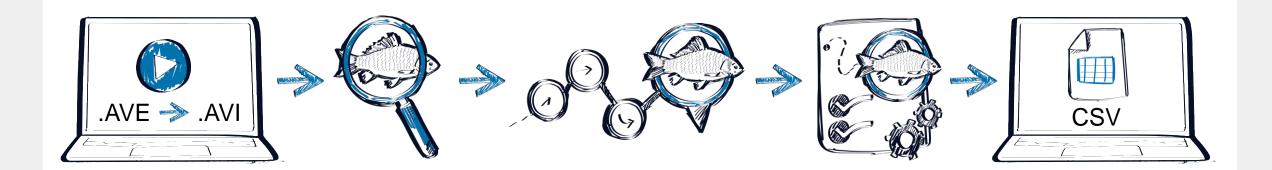


Cloud and Data Engineers

Utilities Experts



## Solution Overview







## **Development Process Overview**

#### **CONVERSION RPA**

Convert from proprietary vídeo format **AVE** to **AVI** 

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#### PREPARATION

Transform videos to usable dataset for the model.

#### and heuristics,

MODEL TRAINING test and optimize

Choose and train the detection model.



IMPLEMENTATION

Implement tracking

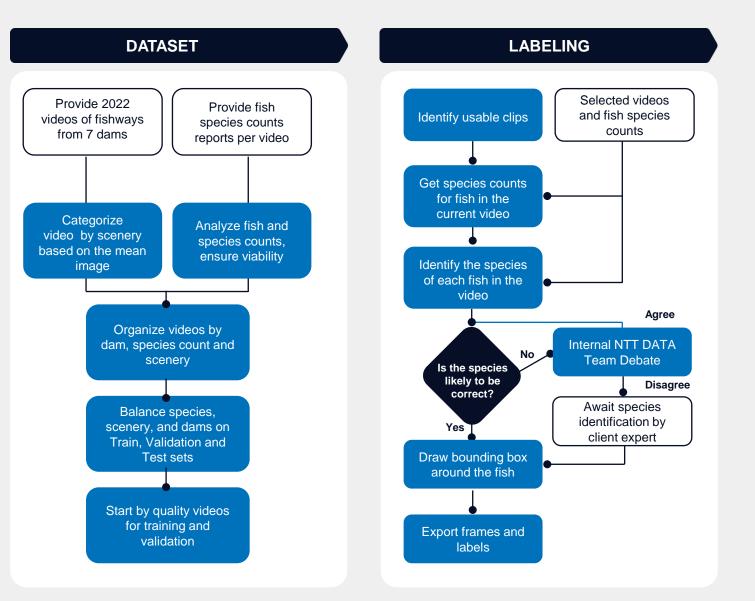
#### PRODUCTION

Cloud setup, test, monitor, document and deliver



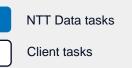


## **Preparation** Overview



#### **Pre-Processing has 2 steps:**

- Dataset: prioritize videos for effective training
- Labeling: class and bounding box per fish





## **Preparation** Numbers



Manualy reviewed frames and minutes of video	Number of datasets (training rounds)
Aprox 1 200 000 frames 5 040 min	5
Aprox 51 000 frames 43,5 min	51 984
Training frames and minutes of video	Unique fish labels (species and b.b.)

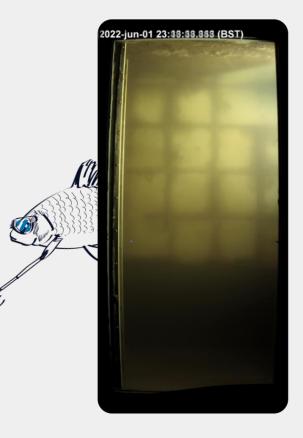


## **Preparation** Sceneries





Usable Everything in between, including presence of reflections in the window



Hard Hard for humans due to algae murkiness and uneven illumination

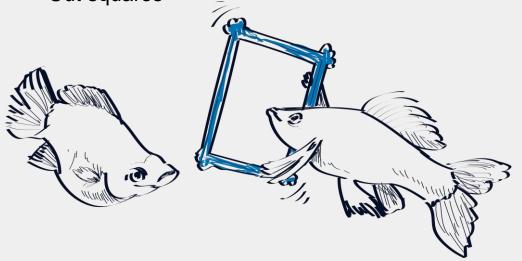


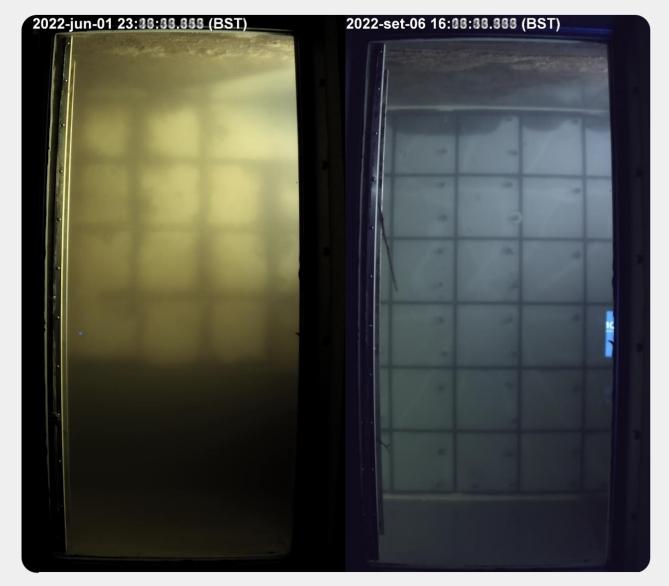
## **Preparation** Frames

#### **Non-square aspect ratios**

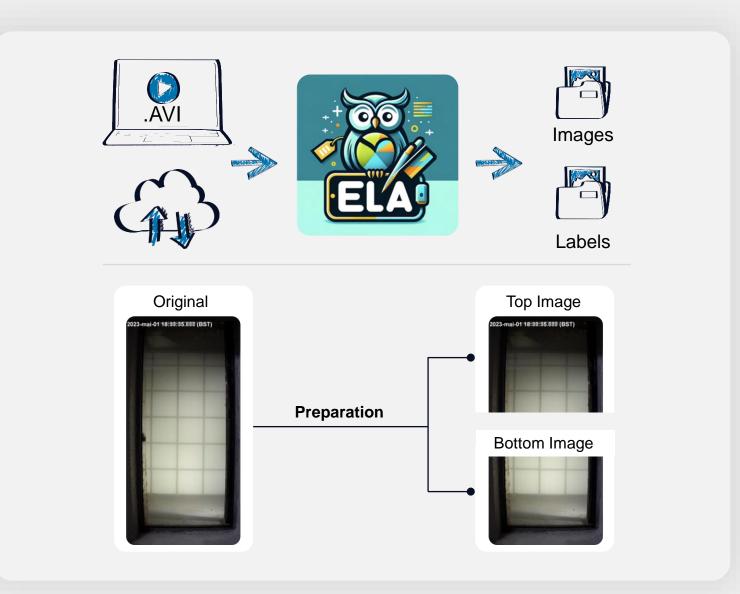
Pre-trained nets have square inputs...

- Train from scratch
- Combine two images
- Cut squares





## **Preparation** Easy Labelling Assistant

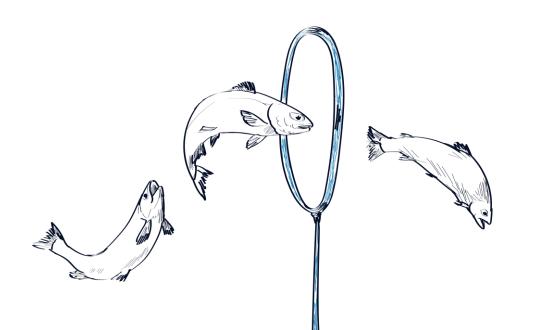




## **Model Training** Overview

#### Model training loop:

- Fine-tuning the previous model
- Use model for pre-labeling future videos
- Prioritize labeling where is performance is worst



#### **Tips for choosing models:**

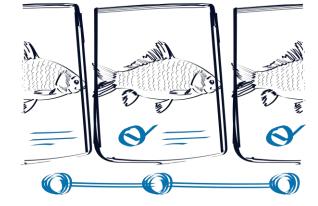
- **Balance**: Cost vs Performance
- Yolo (v8) Too unreliable
- **RT-DETR** Ok performance and tolerable cost

## Most effective data augmentation strategies:

- Horizontal and Vertical Flips
- Small rotations (<10 degrees)
- HSV transformations



## **Solution** Overview



## **Class Heuristics**

Set of rules to improve class assignments across frames



## **Track Heuristics**

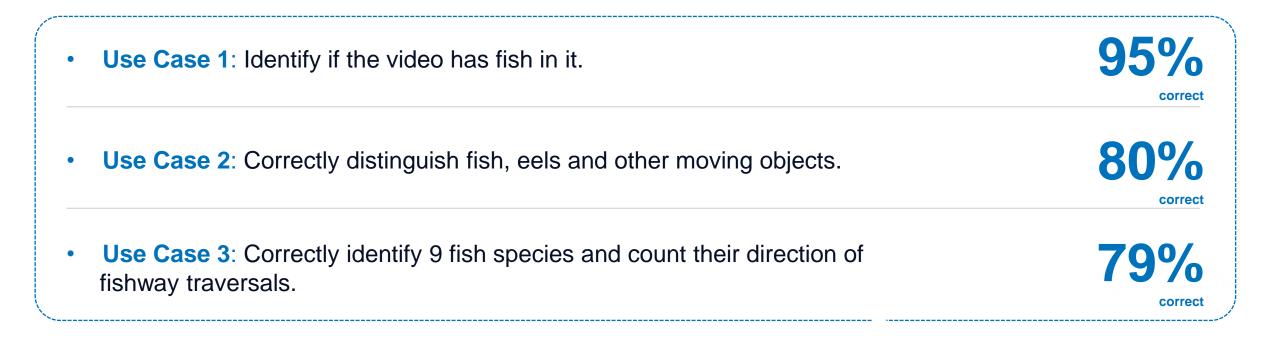
Set of rules to help categorize fish movement across the fishway



## Great results!

The goal of this project was to count how many fish of each species cross the fishway in each direction by attaining increasingly difficult and valuable use cases.

Taking into consideration the very aggressive schedule, the unforeseen complications and data quality issues, these were great results!



## Key take-aways

#### APPROACH

- Don't underestimate the complexity of the real world
- Real world labelling will take even longer than you expect
- Optimize the communication in the labelling team

#### MODEL

- There is no 100% accurate and consistent object detector
- Object detector training requires lots of consistent data
- Don't waste too much time fine tunning hyperparameters

#### LABELLING

- Ensure everyone follow detailed and comprehensive rules
- Label only what you are sure of, better no label than wrong label
- Always review every label





# Thank You!



